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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/743,296	SO, HYEOUN-JOO				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Justin Y. Lee	2617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 M</u>	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 March 2007</u> .					
<i>'</i> =	, -					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)	wn from consideration.	·				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct and the other sheet of the second sheet	epted or b) objected to by the Education of the Education of the Identity of the Identity of the Identity of the Identity of Identity of the Identity of Identity	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Application rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P . 6) Other:	ite				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Response to Amendment

This Office Action is in response to Amendment filed on 3/6/07.

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-2, 4-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Krishnan (US 2002/0168976 A1) in view of Hooper et al. (US 5,734,980) and further in view of Chao et al. (US 2005/0153696 A1).

Regarding claim 1, Krishnan discloses a frequency searching method comprising:

receiving system information from a network (the system information is received in form of static table 110, which is transferred from a base station to the device 100 - page 3, paragraph 0027, lines 32-38) (the system information or static table 110 includes roaming list and lookup table - paragraph 0014);

obtaining a frequency (220) of each service vendor (e.g. "Airtouch" or "Sprint"paragraph 0009) from the received system information (system information/static table
110 includes usage frequency/block or channel number which is indicative of frequency
of transmission/usage frequency - paragraph 0010), each of the obtained frequencies
corresponding to a frequency band of use for respective service vendors (because SID

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and NID identify respective service vendors, e.g. "Airtouch" or "Sprint", as disclosed in paragraph 0009, and the system information/static table 110 includes SID and NID for respective frequency/channel (220), as exhibited in Figure 3; therefore, each of the obtained frequencies correspond to a frequency band of use for respective service vendors as claimed).

Krishnan does not disclose performing a cell search about the obtained frequency of one service vendor based on the obtained frequency of the one service vendor.

Hooper et al. further disclose performing a cell search about the obtained frequency of one service vendor based on the obtained frequency of the one service vendor (Fig. 2, steps 70-74, cell search is performed to find a network provider).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the teachings of Hooper et al. into the teachings of Krishnan for the purposes of enhancing system selectivity capabilities (col. 13, lines 51-53).

Krishnan and Hooper et al. do not disclose the system information is received from the network through a Radio Resource Control of a UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network.

Chao et al. further disclose the system information is received from the network through a Radio Resource Control of a UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network (paragraph 20 and 13-16, broadcast control channel system information is received from UTRAN).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the teachings of Chao et al. into the teachings of Krishnan and Hooper et al. for the purposes of reducing UE processing/battery consumption (paragraph 41).

Regarding claim 2, Krishnan and Hooper et al. and Chao et al. disclose everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1). In addition, the system information (static table / roaming list / lookup table) is received by a mobile communication terminal (device 100) from the network (base station) (Krishnan, paragraph 0027, lines 32-38).

Regarding claim 4, Krishnan and Hooper et al. and Chao et al. discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1). In addition, storing the frequency of each service vendor in memory (108) of user equipment (Krishnan, paragraph 0027, lines 6-8).

Regarding claim 5, Krishnan and Hooper et al. and Chao et al. disclose everything claimed as applied above (see claim1). In addition, receiving the system information comprises receiving the system information in a system information block (Krishnan, the explained table is a system information block - paragraph 0027, lines 32-38).

Regarding claim 6, Krishnan and Hooper et al. and Chao et al. disclose everything claimed as applied above (see claim 5). In addition, transmitting the system information block including the frequency of each service vendor (Krishnan, e.g. "Airtouch" or "Sprint" - paragraph 0009).

Consider claim 7. Chao et al. further disclose wherein the system information is received from the network through a broadcast control channel (paragraph 20 and 13-16, system information is transmitted in a broadcast control channel).

Regarding claim 8, Krishnan and Hooper et al. and Chao et al. discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1). In addition, performing a cell search by frequency bands when a requested frequency is not found when searching frequencies (Krishnan, the channels are searched until a preferred system connection is made - page 3, paragraph 0028, lines 19-25; therefore, if no system connection is made, that is, if frequency/channel is not found "another cell search" takes place until a preferred system connection is made).

Regarding claim 9, Krishnan and Hooper et al. and Chao et al. discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1). In addition, updating stored frequencies based on the received system information from the network (Krishnan, paragraph 0027, lines 32-38).

3. Claims 10-13 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Krishnan (US 2002/0168976 A1) in view of Hooper et al. (US 5,734,980) and further in view of Chao et al. (US 2005/0153696 A1).

Regarding claim 10, Krishnan discloses a frequency searching method comprising:

receiving frequency data (220, included in system information or static table 110) of a plurality of service vendors (e.g. "Airtouch" or "Sprint" - paragraph 0009) from a

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network (the system information is received in form of static table 110, which is transferred from a base station to the device 100 - page 3, paragraph 0027, lines 32-38) (the system information or static table 110 includes roaming list and lookup table-paragraph 0014) (system information/static table 110 includes usage frequency/block or channel number which is indicative of frequency of transmission/usage frequency - paragraph 0010), the received frequency data relating to frequency bands of use for each of the service vendors (because SID and NID identify respective service vendors, e.g. "Airtouch" or "Sprint", as disclosed in paragraph 0009, and the system information/static table 110 includes SID and NID for respective frequency/channel (220), as exhibited in Figure 3; therefore, each of the received frequency data relates to frequency bands of use for each of the service vendors as claimed);

storing the received usage frequency data in user equipment (stored in memory 108 of device 100 - paragraph 0027);

Krishnan does not disclose performing a cell search about a stored frequency of at least one service vendor in a frequency search; and performing another cell search by frequency bands when a frequency is not found in the stored frequencies for the at least one vendor.

Hooper et al. further disclose performing a cell search about a stored frequency of at least one service vendor in a frequency search (Fig. 2, steps 70-74, cell search is performed to find a network provider); and

performing another cell search by frequency bands when a frequency is not found in the stored frequency of the at least one vendor (Fig. 2, steps 70-74 and 100, if

the first cell search does not have a result the system performs another cell search with different frequencies).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the teachings of Hooper et al. into the teachings of Krishnan for the purposes of enhancing system selectivity capabilities (col. 13, lines 51-53).

Krishnan and Hooper et al. do not disclose the system information is received from the network through a Radio Resource Control of a UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network.

Chao et al. further disclose the system information is received from the network through a Radio Resource Control of a UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network (paragraph 20 and 13-16, broadcast control channel system information is received from UTRAN).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the teachings of Chao et al. into the teachings of Krishnan and Hooper et al. for the purposes of reducing UE processing/battery consumption (paragraph 41).

Regarding claim 11, Krishnan and Hooper et al. and Chao et al. disclose everything claimed as applied above (see claim 10). In addition, the user equipment (mobile communication device 100 - Figure 2) comprises a mobile communication terminal (Krishnan, paragraph 0025).

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Regarding claim 12, Krishnan and Hooper et al. and Chao et al. disclose everything claimed as applied above (see claim 10). In addition, transmitting the frequency from the network using a system information block (Krishnan, the explained table is a system information block - paragraph 0027, lines 32-38).

Regarding claim 13. Krishnan and Hooper et al. and Chao et al. disclose everything claimed as applied above (see claim 10). In addition, wherein the system information block is transmitted through a broadcast control channel (Chao et al., paragraph 2 and 13-16 and 20).

Regarding claim 15, Krishnan and Hooper et al. and Chao et al. disclose everything claimed as applied above (see claim 10). In addition, updating stored frequencies based on received system information from the network (Krishnan, paragraph 0027, lines 32-38).

4. Claims 16-17, 19, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Krishnan (US 2002/0168976 A1) in view of Hooper et al. (US 5,734,980) and further in view of Chao et al. (US 2005/0153696 A1).

Regarding claim 16, Krishnan discloses a mobile communication apparatus (device 100- Figure 2; paragraphs 0025-0027) comprising:

a receiving device (receiver 104 - Figure 2) to receive system information (the system information is received in form of static table 110, which is transferred from a base station to the device 100- page 3, paragraph 0027, lines 32-38) (the system information or static table 110 includes roaming list and lookup table- paragraph 0014);

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a memory (memory 108 - Figure 2) to store (paragraph 0027) frequency information regarding service vendors (e.g. "Airtouch" or "Sprint" - paragraph 0009) (the SID and NID identify respective service vendors, e.g. "Airtouch" or "Sprint", as disclosed in paragraph 0009, and the system information/static table 110 includes SID and NID for respective frequency/ channel (220), as exhibited in Figure 3; therefore, the received system information relates to frequency bands of use for each of the service vendors); and

a processing device (processor 108 - Figure 2) to obtain a frequency of a particular service vendor from the memory (paragraphs 0025-0027).

Krishnan does not disclose wherein the processing device performs a cell search about the obtained frequency when searching the frequency information stored in the memory, the cell search being based on the received system information, the processing device further performing another cell search about other frequencies when a frequency is not found during the cell search about the stored frequency information for a particular service vendor.

Hooper et al. further disclose wherein the processing device performs a cell search about the obtained frequency when searching the frequency information stored in the memory, the cell search being based on the received system information, the processing device further performing another cell search about other frequencies (Fig. 2, steps 70-74, cell search is performed to find a network provider) when a frequency is not found during the cell search about the stored frequency information for a particular

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service vendor (Fig. 2, steps 70-74 and 100, if the first cell search does not have a result the system performs another cell search with different frequencies).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the teachings of Hooper et al. into the teachings of Krishnan for the purposes of enhancing system selectivity capabilities (col. 13, lines 51-53).

Krishnan and Hooper et al. do not disclose the system information is received from the network through a Radio Resource Control of a UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network.

Chao et al. further disclose the system information is received from the network through a Radio Resource Control of a UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network (paragraph 20 and 13-16, broadcast control channel system information is received from UTRAN).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the teachings of Chao et al. into the teachings of Krishnan and Hooper et al. for the purposes of reducing UE processing/battery consumption (paragraph 41).

Regarding claim 17, Krishnan and Hooper e al. and Chao et al. discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 16). In addition, the system information comprises frequency information of service vendors (Krishnan, e.g. "Airtouch" or "Sprint" - paragraph 0009) (the SID and NID identify respective service vendors, e.g.

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"Airtouch" or "Sprint", as disclosed in paragraph 0009, and the system information/static table 110 includes SID and NID for respective frequency/channel (220), as exhibited in Figure 3; therefore, the received system information relates to frequency bands of use for each of the service vendors) (system information/static table 110 includes usage frequency/block or channel number which is indicative of frequency of transmission/usage frequency - paragraph 0010).

Regarding claim 19, Krishnan and Hooper e al. and Chao et al. discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 16). In addition, the receiving device receives the system information in a system information block (Krishnan, the explained table is a system information block - paragraph 0027, lines 32-38).

Consider claim 20. Chao et al. further disclose wherein the receiving device receives the system information is received from the network through a broadcast control channel (paragraph 20 and 13-16, system information is transmitted in a broadcast control channel).

Regarding claim 22, Krishnan and Hooper e al. and Chao et al. discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 16). In addition, the processing device updates stored frequencies in the memory based on received system information from the network (Krishnan, paragraph 0027, lines 32-38).

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Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 3/6/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding the Chao reference, applicant states that, there is no suggestion to modify Chao's received information from a UTRAN to relate to the obtaining frequencies of service vendors and performing cell searches about the obtained frequency of one service vendor based on the obtained frequency of the one service vendor and the system of Chao is different from Krishnan and Hooper references.

In response to applicant's argument that Krishnan and Hooper and Chao references are nonanalogous art, it has been held that a prior art reference must either be in the field of applicant's endeavor or, if not, then be reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the applicant was concerned, in order to be relied upon as a basis for rejection of the claimed invention. See In re Oetiker, 977 F.2d 1443, 24 USPQ2d 1443 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, all three references, Krishnan and Hooper and Chao, are in the field of wireless communication.

In contrast to applicant's assertions,

Krishnan teaches accelerating acquisition

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of a preferred cellular system by a portable communication device using position location, Hooper teaches preferred system selection techniques for mobile terminals, and Chao teaches radio resource controlservice data unit reception. All three references are in the field of wireless communication. Chao further discloses Radio Resource Control (RRC) sends system information and radio link control to user equipments and RRC controls the available radio resources (paragraph 6 and 13-16). Krishnan further disclose receiving system

information and frequency data from the

network (paragraph 9-10 and 27 and Fig.

Conclusion

3.)

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP

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§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Justin Y. Lee whose telephone number is (571) 272-5258. The examiner can normally be reached on M - F 8:30 to 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Duc Nguyen can be reached on 571-272-7503. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Justin Lee AU 2617 5/23/07

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